

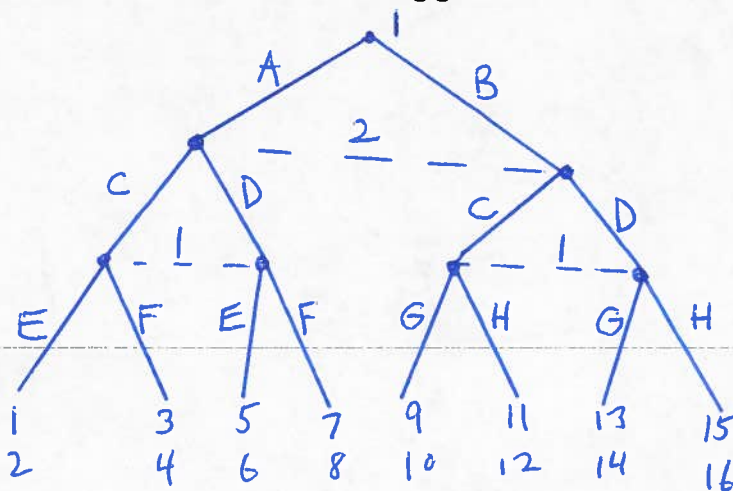


Your Name: _____

The Ohio State University
Department of Economics
Econ 5001 Midterm Examination, Spring 2015
Prof. James Peck

Directions: For questions 1-7, neatly circle or otherwise indicate the correct choice. To receive credit on problem 8, show all work and continue to the next page if necessary.

Questions 1 and 2 refer to the following game tree:



1. (5 points) How many different pure strategies does player 1 have in this game?

- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 6
- (d) 8
- (e) 16

2. (5 points) How many different pure strategy profiles are there in this game?

- (f) 8
- (g) 10
- (h) 12
- (i) 16
- (j) 32

Questions 3, 4, and 5 refer to the following game in matrix form:

		player 2			
		W	X	Y	Z
player 1	A	3, 2	1, 1	4, 3	3, 5
	B	1, 3	3, 0	2, 4	4, 2
	C	2, 1	0, 1	1, 2	1, 0
	D	1, 0	2, 0	3, 1	4, 0

3. (10 points) *What are player 2's best responses to the belief that player 1 plays A with probability one half and C with probability one half?*

- (k) A is player 2's only best response.
- (l) Y is player 2's only best response.
- (m) Z is player 2's only best response.
- (n) Y and Z are both best responses.
- (o) none of the above.

4. (10 points) *Which of the following statements are true?*

- (p) A dominates C, Y dominates W, and B dominates D.
- (q) A dominates C, W dominates X, and Y dominates X.
- (r) A dominates C, Y dominates W, and Y dominates X.
- (s) A dominates C, Y dominates Z, and B dominates D.
- (t) A pure strategy cannot be dominated by another pure strategy.

5. (15 points) *Which profile of mixed strategies is a mixed strategy Nash equilibrium? Note: Read player 1's strategies from top to bottom and player 2's strategies from left to right. That is, $\sigma_1 = (\sigma_1(A), \sigma_1(B), \sigma_1(C), \sigma_1(D))$ and $\sigma_2 = (\sigma_2(W), \sigma_2(X), \sigma_2(Y), \sigma_2(Z))$.*

- (a) $\sigma_1 = (\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 0, 0)$ and $\sigma_2 = (\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0, 0)$.
- (b) $\sigma_1 = (\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 0)$ and $\sigma_2 = (0, 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$.
- (c) $\sigma_1 = (\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0, 0)$ and $\sigma_2 = (0, 0, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3})$.
- (d) $\sigma_1 = (\frac{1}{3}, 0, 0, \frac{2}{3})$ and $\sigma_2 = (0, 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$.
- (e) $\sigma_1 = (\frac{1}{2}, 0, 0, \frac{1}{2})$ and $\sigma_2 = (0, 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$.

Questions 6 and 7 refer to the following game in matrix form:

		player 2					
		K	L	M	N	O	P
player 1	AA	2,0	2,1	3,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
	BB	3,1	4,4	1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
	CC	5,4	1,5	2,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
	DD	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,2	1,1	2,1
	EE	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,7	0,8	1,9
	FF	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,1	0,9	7,0

6. (10 points) Which of the following strategy profiles is NOT a Nash equilibrium?

- (f) (AA,M)
- (g) (BB,L)
- (h) (CC,K)
- (i) (DD,N)
- (j) All of the above are Nash equilibria.

7. (15 points) Which of the following strategies for player 2 is NOT rationalizable?

- (v) L
- (w) M
- (x) N
- (y) O
- (z) All of player 2's strategies are rationalizable.

8. (30 points)

Two firms are playing a game of Cournot (quantity) competition. Denoting the quantity chosen by firm 1 as q_1 and the quantity chosen by firm 2 as q_2 , the market price is given by the inverse demand equation

$$p = 100 - q_1 - q_2.$$

The firms' cost functions exhibit increasing marginal costs, where a firm's cost is the square of its output. That is, for $i = 1, 2$, firm i 's cost of producing q_i units of output is $(q_i)^2$. Each firm's payoff is defined to be its profit.

- (a) (10 points) Find the best-response functions of each firm.
- (b) (15 points) Find the Nash equilibrium strategy profile for this game.
- (c) (5 points) Find the profits received by each firm at the Nash equilibrium.